

SECTION 1 - MANUFACTURER INFORMATION

MANUFACTURER/ COMMODORE SALES , INC.
DISTRIBUTOR 11002 TRADE ROAD
RICHMOND, VA 23236

PREPARER/CONTACT: JOHN CROWE
EMERGENCY PHONE: (800)535-5053 (INFOTRACK)
INFORMATION PHONE: (804)794-1992

TRADE NAME / SYNONYMS. . . : SOUND SHIELD (UNDERCOATING)
CHEMICAL NAME / SYNONYMS: NOT APPLICABLE
CHEMICAL FAMILY. : NOT APPLICABLE
FORMULA. : Proprietary
PRODUCT CODE. : 05-106

SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

NAMES OF HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS: See CFR29§1910.1200 (i)-(13) Page 372

CHEMICAL / COMMON NAME	CAS#	PERCENTAGE	PEL-OSHA	TLV-ACGIH
PETROLEUM DISTILLATE	8052-41-3	>1	N/D	100ppm 2mm Hg @ 68 F
AMINE SALT	28701-67-9	N/A	N/D	N/A
MAGNESIUM ALUMINUM SILICATE	12174-11-7	N/A	N/D	5mg/M
ENCAPSULATED CRYSTALLINE SILICA	14808-60-7	>1	N/D	0.1mg/M

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS LESS THAN 3% ENCAPSULATED SILICA. ENCAPSULATED PREVENTS GENERATION OF FREE SILICA. NO RISK HAZARD HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED FOR ENCAPSULATED SILICA.

THERE ARE NO SARA 313 INGREDIENTS IN THIS MATERIAL IN EXCESS OF DEMINIMUS AMOUNTS.

SECTION 3 - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

HEALTH EFFECTS (Acute and Chronic):

Acute:

- a)Eyes - Can cause severe irritation, redness, tearing, blurred vision.
- b)Skin - Prolonged or repeated contact can cause moderate irritation, defatting, dermatitis.
- c)Inhalation - Dizziness, headaches and even unconsciousness.
- d)Ingestion - Can cause gastro-intestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Chronic

- a)Inhalation may increase susceptibility to respiratory illness. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY:

- a)Inhalation
- b)Eyes
- c)Skin
- d)Ingestion

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

Pre-existing skin, eye and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to product.

EMERGENCY FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

- a)Skin - Remove contaminated clothing and shoes, wash before reuse. Wash skin with waterless handcleaner or soap and water.
- b)Eyes - Flush immediately with large quantities of running water for at least 15 minutes while lifting upper and lower eyelids. Consult Physician.
- c)Inhalation - If affected, remove individual to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Keep person warm, quiet and get medical attention.
- d)Ingestion - Do not induce vomiting. call physician immediately. If conscious give lots of water or milk. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

SECTION 4 - CHEMICAL DATA

BOILING POINT (C) : >310EF	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (WATER=1) : N/D
VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHg) : 2 @ 68EF	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%) . . . : N/D
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1) : HEAVIER	EVAPORATION RATE (BUTYL ACETATE=1) : SLOWER

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble

APPEARANCE AND ODOR INFORMATION: Glossy Black liquid, petroleum solvent odor.

SECTION 5 - FIRE + PHYSICAL HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (Method Used): 105EF SETA FLAMMABLE LIMITS: LEL= 0.9% UEL=6%

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Foam, waterfog, carbon dioxide, spray or dry chemicals.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

- a)Clear fire area of unprotected personnel. Do not enter confined fire area without full bunker gear, including a positive pressure mode breathing apparatus. Cool fire exposed containers with waterfog.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by heat, pilot lights and other flames in locations distant from the material handling point. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special attention.

INCOMPATIBILITY (Material To Avoid):

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents such as oxygen, chlorine, and etc.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Burning may produce oxides of carbon and traces of hydrocarbons, fumes or smoke. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION WILL NOT OCCUR.

THIS PRODUCT IS STABLE.

SECTION 6 - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep people away. Recover free liquid. Add suitable absorbant (sand, earth, sawdust, etc.) to spill areas and shovel into containers. Avoid breathing vapors. Ventilate confined spaces. Open all doors and windows. Keep products out of sewer and watercourses by diking or impounding, or else advise authorities.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS:

Contaminated absorbant may be disposed of according to local, state and federal regulations for products containing petroleum distillates.

SECTION 7 - EXPOSURE CONTROL INFORMATION

VENTILATION: Face Velocity of 60 fpm.

LOCAL EXHAUST: F.V. - 60fpm.

MECHANICAL (General) : N/A

SPECIAL . : Use adequate ventilation OTHER : N/A

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

An appropriate NIOSH hydrocarbon canister or respirator for organic is advised of proper environmental control or fresh air supplied respiratory protection.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

Wear - resistant gloves such as nitrile rubber, PVC, etc.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

- a) To prevent repeated and prolonged skin contact, wear impervious gloves, clothing, chemical resistant apron/overclothes and boots.
- b) Use splash goggles or face shield. Eye wash and quick drench facilities.

OTHER ENGINEERING CONTROLS: None Known

WORK PRACTICES:

Eye wash fountain and safety shower should be accessible. Discard properly such items as rags and trash soaked with the product. Provide adequate ventilation.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES:

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid inhalation of product vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing promptly and wash thoroughly before reused.

SECTION 8 - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE:

- a) Keep away from heat, sparks and open flames.
- b) Do not store under freezing conditions or above 120 degrees F.
- c) Protect from physical damage and keep tightly closed.
- d) Do not store near acids or acidic materials and oxidizers.

MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS:

When working with FLAMMABLE material electrically ground all equipment and use only non-sparking tools.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

- a) Containers, even those that have been emptied will retain product residue and vapors. Always obey hazard warnings.

OTHER ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:

* Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

- a) Never use welding or a cutting torch on or near container (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively.

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN!